

Friday 16th January 2015

STATISTICAL PRESS NOTICE NHS INPATIENT AND OUTPATIENT EVENTS NOVEMBER 2014

The following statistics were released today by NHS England:

Latest monthly hospital activity events (November 2014)

The activity data for individual months can be affected by the number of working days. To counter this, figures adjusted for the number of working days have been provided for comparison. April to November 2013 had 171 working days and April to November 2014 had 169 working days.

The key points from the latest release are:

- GP referrals made for the year-to-date (YTD) November 2014 increased by 3.9% compared to YTD November 2013 (5.2% adjusted for working days). These referrals had shown a 4.5% increase (3.2% adjusted for working days) at the same stage last year.
- GP referrals seen for YTD November 2014 increased by 4.2% compared to YTD November 2013 (5.4% adjusted for working days). These referrals had shown a 5.1% increase (3.8% adjusted for working days) at the same stage last year.
- The volume of first outpatient attendances for YTD November 2014 increased by 3.6% compared to YTD November 2013 (4.9% increase adjusted for working days). These outpatient appointments had shown a 1.2% increase (0.0% adjusted for working days) at the same stage last year.
- Elective growth for YTD November 2014 is 2.2% compared with YTD November 2013 (3.4% adjusted for working days). At the same stage last year elective growth was 2.6% (1.4% adjusted for working days).
- The day case rate (the proportion of total elective admissions that were day cases) for YTD November 2014 is 81.2%, compared with 80.4% in YTD November 2013 and 79.6% in YTD November 2012.
- Non-elective admissions for YTD November 2014 increased by 3.4% compared to November 2013; the change between YTD November

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2012 and YTD November 2013 was -0.1%. As non-elective admissions occur throughout the week, we have not adjusted for working days.

Heart of England NHS Foundation Trust did not submit data this month.

Note: An earlier version of this press notice was published at 9:30am. This version contains the following corrections:

- The percentage change for GP referrals seen between YTD November 2013-14 and YTD November 2014-15 was amended from 1.6% (2.8% adjusted for working days) to 4.2% (5.4% adjusted for working days);
- The percentage change for GP referrals seen between YTD November 2012-13 and YTD November 2013-14 was amended from 1.6% (0.4% adjusted for working days) to 5.1% (3.8% adjusted for working days);
- The percentage change for non-elective admissions between YTD November 2012 and YTD November 2013 was amended from 0.1% to -0.1%.

Full tables are available at the link below:

http://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/hospital-activity/monthly-hospital-activity/

Notes to Editors

This dataset covers some key aspects of inpatient and outpatient activity in the NHS.

Monthly actuals

This is a count of activity for a given month.

Provider and Commissioner based data

Commissioner based returns reflect data on a responsible population basis, which is defined as:

- all those patients resident within the CCG boundary; plus

- all patients registered with GPs who are members of the CCG but are resident in another CCG; minus

- All patients resident in the CCG but registered with a GP who is a member of another CCG

Commissioner based returns also include data for specialised commissioning. These are separate from the CCGs as there are different arrangements for commissioning specialised services.

Provider based returns cover patients who were treated in hospitals in England.

GP referrals made (general & acute)

This is a count of the referrals made by GPs to hospital consultants for a first outpatient appointment in general & acute specialties.

GP referrals seen (general & acute)

This is a count of the GP referrals seen by hospital consultants as a first attendance appointment in general & acute specialties. There is a time lag between GP referrals made and seen so that not all the referrals made in a given month are seen in the same month. Not all "GP referrals made" result in a "GP referral seen" as some referrals will be seen as inappropriate and do not require a consultant outpatient appointment. In these instances the referral will be returned to the GP. In addition some patients do not attend (DNA) appointments. Inappropriate referrals and DNAs contribute to the difference in volumes between GP referrals "made" and "seen".

First Outpatient attendances (general & acute)

This is the number of first outpatient attendances in general and acute specialties where the patient was seen by a consultant (or a doctor acting for the consultant). This count of attendances is for all sources of referral and is not restricted to just those as a result of a GP referral.

Elective ordinary admissions (general & acute)

This is a count of ordinary elective admissions made to general & acute specialties in a given month. An ordinary admission is a hospital admission requiring an overnight stay.

Elective day case admissions (general & acute)

This is a count of the day case admissions made to general & acute specialties in a given month. A day case admission is where a patient is admitted to hospital but an overnight stay is not required. The day case rate is calculated by expressing the volume of day case admissions as a proportion of all elective admissions ie. elective ordinary admissions and elective day case admissions combined.

Elective admissions (general & acute)

This is the count of elective ordinary admissions and elective day case admissions to general & acute specialties in a given month. There are three different admission methods for elective patients - waiting list, booked and planned. These categories are technical in nature and potentially misleading as both waiting list AND booked patients are, in lay terms, "admitted from a waiting list". Planned patients - again this is a technical term as to the lay person all elective patients might be considered to be "planned". In this more technical context, planned patients are a subset of elective patients and are those patients for whom the wait for admission was determined by clinical constraints rather than resource constraints. For example, a cancer patient will be required to wait a clinically appropriate period between doses of chemotherapy and these admissions will be classified as planned.

Elective ordinary admissions planned (general & acute)

This is the count of planned patients admitted as elective ordinary admissions in general & acute specialties.

Elective day case admission planned (general & acute)

This is the count of planned patients admitted as elective day case admissions in general & acute specialties. The proportion of elective admissions which are planned can be calculated by adding the planned ordinary admissions and planned day case admissions. Data is not collected separately on waiting list & booked admissions but the proportion of such admissions can be deduced by subtracting the proportion of planned electives from the total. So, for example, if 25% of elective admissions are planned the remainder (75%) by deduction are, in lay terms, "waiting list" (in technical terms "waiting list & booked") admissions.

Feedback welcomed

We welcome feedback on the content and presentation of the statistics within this Statistical Press Notice and those published on the NHS England website. If anyone has any comments on this, or any other issues regarding the data and statistics, then please email:

Unify2@dh.gsi.gov.uk

Additional Information

Full details of activity data for individual organisations is available at: http://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/hospital-activity/

Press enquiries:

For press enquiries please email the NHS England media team at <u>nhsengland.media@nhs.net</u>, or call 0113 825 0958 or 0113 825 0959.

The Government Statistical Service (GSS) statistician responsible for producing these data is: Clare Hiblin NHS Operations NHS England Room 5E15, Quarry House, Quarry Hill, Leeds LS2 7UE Email: Unify2@dh.gsi.gov.uk