



Mental Health NHS Foundation Trust

Community Forensic CAMHS

(Regional Specialist Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services for High Risk Young People with Complex Needs).

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(slides courtesy NHS England and Dr Nick Hindley)

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Current provision in the West Midlands

- Spot purchase assessment, consultation, training service – Youth First (BSMHT)
- Independent /Voluntary sector

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Proposed service an Overview



- context
- the children in question
- language/service description
- basic requirements for a service
- service model and components

'Complex needs'



Young people with complex needs

- have needs in multiple domains
- may or may not be quite 'at threshold' in each domain
- cause high levels of concern
- are difficult to support
- require a concerted cross-agency approach
- can be found in all settings





- development of community FCAMHS
- national mapping 2012/3
- youth justice and custody reforms
- 'Future in Mind'
- NHS England service specs for secure in-patient settings and 'secure outreach'
- current linkage between Specialist Commissioning and Health and Justice within NHSE



Language/ Service description

- high risk/ high concern
- complexity and 'complex needs'
- statutory processes
- forensic
- 'secure outreach'
- 'Community FCAMHS'

NHS Community FCAMHS: what is it?

A regional specialist service for young people with high risk behaviours who are:

- under 18 years old at the time of referral (no lower age threshold)
- presenting with severe disorders of conduct and emotion, neurodevelopmental or serious mental health problems or where there are legitimate concerns about the existence of such disorders
- usually involved in dangerous, high-risk behaviours towards others whether they are in contact with the youth justice system or not
- in exceptional cases, are not high risk (not primarily dangerous to others) but have highly complex needs (including legal complexities) and are causing major concern across agencies



General Considerations: fitting in with CAMHS and other provision

- a community FCAMHS team should not be seen as aloof or separate
- should fit within an existing local and national CAMHS structure and should clearly supplement it
- should be an integral part of all networks and agencies working with children





Service model: key features

- small experienced team
- graded model of delivery for clinical involvement
 - advice, formal consultation and assessment/intervention
- development of strong cross-agency clinical networks
- identifying gaps in provision and promoting service development to fill them
- delivery of service to a clearly defined catchment and to children who originate from the catchment placed elsewhere
- responds to family or professional concern not to established diagnosis



The Core Team

- small and highly experienced
 - 0.5-0.75 senior w.t.e clinicians per million total population of catchment
- needs mix of disciplines
 - consultant psychiatrist (s)
 - senior psychologist (s) and/or senior nurse (s) or other(s)
 - good administration
- roles should be competency-based
 - authoritative and flexible
 - independent **and** able to work in a team
 - good knowledge of a range of statutory jurisdictions
 - clinical and forensic experience with young people
 - ability to work across agencies and settings
 - ability to think systemically and strategically
 - ability to undertake strucutured risk, cogniitive and other assessments
 - accessible and approachable
- aim to supplement by network development

Outline Model for Community FCAMHS: service principles



- specialist service complementing generic services and national in-patient provision
- comprehensive service to young people from a given catchment area
 - community
 - custody and other secure settings
 - residential care and other specialist provision
- prioritises young people where there are concerns about mental health problems or neurodevelopmental difficulties either in the CJS and or those presenting elsewhere with risk of harm to others or with particularly complex difficulties
- equivalence of service across institutions
- based in mental health but committed to multi-agency working
- clinical, institutional and service development roles
- promotion of continuity and attachment
- team active, accessible and approachable

Outline Model for Community FCAMHS: practical provision



- advice, consultation, assessment/intervention paradigm
- commitment to young people from within catchment wherever they end up
- strong emphasis on liaison with other agencies/institutions within catchment
- small multidisciplinary specialist team rather than more diffuse provision
- specialist knowledge and ability to give clear opinion
- ability to identify gaps in provision and support service development to meet identified need
- ability to move between national and local provision



Outline Model for Community FCAMHS: specialist functions



- authoritative consultation
- detailed clinical assessment when required
- facilitation of transitions into and out of all secure accommodation where required ('secure outreach')
- knowledge and practical use of legislation
 - Forensic & other aspects of Mental Health Act/ Mental Capacity Act
 - Children Act
 - Education Act
 - Youth Justice
- specialist risk assessment & management planning
- specialist interventions (direct assessment/ 'reports' less often than expected)
- second opinions in complex cases/disputes
- knowledge of local, regional and national provision ('welfare', youth justice, special education and 'mental health')
- courts
- tripartite funding panels
- generic functions in unusual situations
- containment or injection of anxiety

Outline Model for Community FCAMHS: England complementary institutional role

- active participation in strategic and institutional activity
 - within CAMHS/ mental health and other agencies
 - teaching, training and demystification
 - children's safeguarding arrangements
- developing relationships in addition to protocols
- Initiating and informing service developments
 - sexually harmful behaviour
 - input to custody/welfare secure within clearly defined service level agreements
 - Liaison and Diversion teams
 - joint initiatives with national inpatient units
 - other: eg. service for children who have experienced sexual abuse

Outline Model for Community FCAMHS: Missing Integrated liaison model England



Outline Model for Community FCAMHS: MHS Regional Clinical Network England







What a 'Core' Community FCAMHS Service is Not Commissioned to Be...

- aloof from other provision
- a repository for all local cases with complex needs
- a service which is able to provide targeted interventions for all specific high risk groups
- a (long) report-writing service (unless specifically required)

Community FCAMHS Mapping: initial findings



- 50+ services responded to initial process
- 40+ responded to requests for further information
- 5 category typology emerged:
 - highly specialist (tier 4) FCAMHS providing clearly commisioned general service to specific catchment (n=7)
 - in-patient FCAMH services extending remit to some community/in-reach functions (n=3)
 - local CAMHS providing some services to YOS, custody or secure units (n=9)
 - other services either outside CAMHS or within CAMHS but fulfilling specialist function overlapping with forensic functions (n= 15)
 - in-patient services not providing community/in-reach services (n=7)

Map of 'Highly Specialist' Community FCAMHS Services (after Dent et al. 2013)







Community FCAMHS Mapping: findings

- Geographical, commissioning, and clinical remits highly heterogeneous
- Even true of highly specialist tier 4 group
 - some cover regional remit with clear regional commissioning
 - some cover far smaller area with similar (or larger) staff groups than regional teams
 - some mix local commissioned remit with national 'spot purchasing'
 - large areas with no dedicated coordinating provision

Baseline requirements for national service development 2016/2017



- commissioned according to NHSE hubs
- providers already providing CAMHS in at least part of hub catchment
- lead provider for each hub but different providers can contribute to overall hub-wide service
- application of national service model with nationally coordinated prospective evaluation process
- two-way interaction between national implementation team and hub initiatives

NHS England Specialised Commissioning Hubs









Getting Our Act Together

- In 2013
 - 'Urgent need for a national coherent strategy for FCAMHS':
 - organised geographical coverage
 - commissioning coherence
 - maximisation of funding
 - clear linkage between services
 - acceptance of clinical and institutional functions
 - <u>must</u> interface with overall provision for under 18s
- In 2016/17
 - national strategy developed
 - funding available
 - service model available
 - evaluation included in implementation plan
 - supportive implementation team





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Reterrals – Jan to Oct 2016

- 22- assessments 15
- 21 Male, 1 Female
- Age range 10 -20 years!
- West Midlands 12 (80%)
- <u>Legal Status</u>: S 20 (46%), None (26%), C O (7%), I C O(7%), S 2 (MHA) (7%), Remand (7%)
- <u>Type of Risk</u>: Violence, S H B, Fire-setting, Hacking, DSH, Suicide





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To develop-

- A Regional service- embedded in FCAMHS and CAMHS services in the area
- Specialist team –Psychiatrist/Psychologist/Clinical nurse specialist/ Social worker/ OT/ other
- Function- consultation/ assessments/ care planning/ training and
 Intervention
- Inreach in to Werrington/ links with other inreach services
- Part of the liaison Diversion scheme in BSol
- Develop and establish links
- Hub and Spoke model ?
- Plan development of specific intervention, once need identified eg fire setting, Sexual harmful behaviour.



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Thanks!

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