



Publications gateway number: GOV-11605

Human papillomavirus vaccine for men who have sex with men Patient Group Direction (PGD)

This PGD is for the administration of human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine to men who have sex with men (MSM), who attend Specialist Sexual Health Services (SSHS) and/or HIV clinics.

This PGD is for the administration of HPV vaccine by registered healthcare practitioners identified in [Section 3](#), subject to any limitations to authorisation detailed in [Section 2](#).

Reference no: HPV (MSM) PGD
Version no: v03.00
Valid from: 1 April 2022
Review date: 1 October 2023
Expiry date: 31 March 2024

The UK Health Security Agency (UKHSA) has developed this PGD to facilitate the delivery of publicly funded immunisation in England in line with national recommendations.

Those using this PGD must ensure that it is organisationally authorised and signed in Section 2 by an appropriate authorising person, relating to the class of person by whom the product is to be supplied, in accordance with Human Medicines Regulations 2012 (HMR2012)¹. **The PGD is not legal or valid without signed authorisation in accordance with [HMR2012 Schedule 16 Part 2](#).**

Authorising organisations must not alter, amend or add to the clinical content of this document (sections 4, 5 and 6); such action will invalidate the clinical sign-off with which it is provided. In addition, authorising organisations must not alter section 3 'Characteristics of staff'. Only sections 2 and 7 can be amended within the designated editable fields provided.

Operation of this PGD is the responsibility of commissioners and service providers. The final authorised copy of this PGD should be kept by the authorising organisation completing Section 2 for 8 years after the PGD expires if the PGD relates to adults only and for 25 years after the PGD expires if the PGD relates to children only, or adults and children. Provider organisations adopting authorised versions of this PGD should also retain copies for the periods specified above.

Individual practitioners must be authorised by name, under the current version of this PGD before working according to it.

Practitioners and organisations must check that they are using the current version of the PGD. Amendments may become necessary prior to the published expiry date.

Current versions of UKHSA PGD templates for authorisation can be found from:
[Immunisation patient group direction \(PGD\) templates](#)

Any concerns regarding the content of this PGD should be addressed to:
immunisation@phe.gov.uk.

Enquiries relating to the availability of organisationally authorised PGDs and subsequent versions of this PGD should be directed to: your local screening and immunisation team.


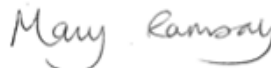

¹ This includes any relevant amendments to legislation (for instance [2013 No.235](#), [2015 No.178](#) and [2015 No.323](#)).
HPV (MSM) PGD v03.00 Valid from: 01/04/22 Expiry: 31/03/2024

Change history

Version number	Change details	Date
V01.00	New PHE PGD template	16/03/2018
V02.00	PHE HPV (MSM) PGD amended to: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• allow completion of an HPV vaccine course after the 46th birthday• mention those who may have a similar risk profile for HPV infection as MSM, who should be considered for HPV vaccination on a case by case basis and not under this PGD• include rewording, layout and formatting changes for clarity and consistency with other PHE PGDs	06/02/2020
V03.00	HPV (MSM) PGD amended to: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• include the nine valent vaccine (Gardasil® 9)• update dose and frequency section to reflect updated recommendations that, from 1 April 2022, those commencing vaccination from 15 years of age should commence a 2-dose schedule with a minimum 6-month interval• refer to Chapter 2 of the Green Book for further information on consent• update organisation from PHE to the UKHSA• include minor rewording, layout and formatting changes for clarity and consistency with other UKHSA PGDs	04/03/2022

1. PGD development

This PGD has been developed by the following health professionals on behalf of the UKHSA:

Developed by:	Name	Signature	Date
Pharmacist (Lead Author)	Elizabeth Graham Lead Pharmacist Immunisation Services, Immunisation and Vaccine Preventable Diseases Division, UKHSA		04/03/2022
Doctor	Mary Ramsay Consultant Epidemiologist, Immunisation and Vaccine Preventable Diseases Division, UKHSA		04/03/2022
Registered Nurse (Chair of Expert Panel)	David Green Nurse Consultant for Immunisation, Immunisation and Vaccine Preventable Diseases Division, UKHSA		04/03/2022

This PGD has been peer reviewed by the UKHSA Immunisations PGD Expert Panel in accordance with the UKHSA PGD Policy. It has been ratified by the UKHSA Medicines Governance Group and the UKHSA Clinical Quality and Oversight Board.

Expert Panel

Name	Designation
Nicholas Aigbogun	Consultant in Communicable Disease Control, Yorkshire and Humber Health Protection Team, UKHSA
Sarah Dermont	Clinical Project Coordinator and Registered Midwife, NHS Infectious Diseases in Pregnancy Screening Programme, NHS England and NHS Improvement
Ed Gardner	Advanced Paramedic Practitioner/Emergency Care Practitioner, Medicines Manager, Proactive Care Lead
Michael Gregory	Medical Director for Commissioning, NHS England and NHS Improvement (North West)
Michelle Jones	Principal Medicines Optimisation Pharmacist, NHS Bristol North Somerset and South Gloucestershire CCG
Jacqueline Lamberty	Lead Pharmacist, Medicines Governance, UKHSA
Vanessa MacGregor	Consultant in Communicable Disease Control, East Midlands Health Protection Team, UKHSA
Alison Mackenzie	Consultant in Public Health Medicine, Screening and Immunisation Lead, NHS England and NHS Improvement (South West)
Gill Marsh	Principal Screening and Immunisation Manager, NHS England and NHS Improvement (North West)
Lesley McFarlane	Screening and Immunisation Manager: Clinical (COVID-19 and Influenza), NHS England and NHS Improvement (Midlands)
Vanessa Saliba	Consultant Epidemiologist, Immunisation and Vaccine Preventable Diseases Division, UKHSA
Tushar Shah	Lead Pharmacy Advisor, NHS England and NHS Improvement (London Region)


2. Organisational authorisations

The PGD is not legally valid until it has had the relevant organisational authorisation.

It is the responsibility of the organisation that has legal authority to authorise the PGD, to ensure that all legal and governance requirements are met. The authorising body accepts governance responsibility for the appropriate use of the PGD.

NHS England & NHS Improvement (South East) authorises this PGD for use by the services or providers listed below:

Authorised for use by the following organisations and/or services
All NHS England commissioned immunisation services within the NHS England and NHS Improvement South East Region.
Limitations to authorisation
This patient group direction (PGD) must only be used by the registered healthcare practitioners identified in Section 3 who have been named by their organisation to practice under it. The most recent in-date final version authorised by NHS England and NHS Improvement (South East) must be used. This PGD includes vaccination of individuals across the national immunisation programme. Users of this PGD should note that where they are commissioned to immunise certain groups this PGD does not constitute permission to offer immunisation beyond the groups they are commissioned to immunise.

Organisational approval (legal requirement)			
Role	Name	Sign	Date
South East Regional Medical Director	Dr Vaughan Lewis		21 March 2022

Additional signatories according to locally agreed policy			
Role	Name	Sign	Date

Local enquiries regarding the use of this PGD may be directed to your local screening and immunisation team.

Section 7 provides a practitioner authorisation sheet. Individual practitioners must be authorised by name to work to this PGD. Alternative practitioner authorisation sheets may be used where appropriate in accordance with local policy but this should be an individual agreement or a multiple practitioner authorisation sheet as included at the end of this PGD.

3. Characteristics of staff

<p>Qualifications and professional registration</p>	<p>Registered professional with one of the following bodies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • nurses and midwives currently registered with the Nursing and Midwifery Council (NMC) • pharmacists currently registered with the General Pharmaceutical Council (GPhC) (Note: This PGD is not relevant to privately provided community pharmacy services) • paramedics and physiotherapists currently registered with the Health and Care Professions Council (HCPC) <p>The practitioners above must also fulfil the Additional requirements detailed below.</p> <p>Check Section 2 Limitations to authorisation to confirm whether all practitioners listed above have organisational authorisation to work under this PGD.</p>
<p>Additional requirements</p>	<p>Additionally practitioners:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • must be authorised by name as an approved practitioner under the current terms of this PGD before working to it • must have undertaken appropriate training for working under PGDs for supply/administration of medicines • must be competent in the use of PGDs (see NICE Competency framework for health professionals using PGDs) • must be familiar with the vaccine product and alert to changes in the Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC), Immunisation Against Infectious Disease (the 'Green Book'), and national and local immunisation programmes • must have undertaken training appropriate to this PGD as required by local policy and in line with the National Minimum Standards and Core Curriculum for Immunisation Training • must be competent to undertake immunisation and to discuss issues related to immunisation • must be competent in the handling and storage of vaccines, and management of the cold chain • must be competent in the recognition and management of anaphylaxis • must have access to the PGD and associated online resources • should fulfil any additional requirements defined by local policy <p>The individual practitioner must be authorised by name, under the current version of this PGD before working according to it.</p>
<p>Continued training requirements</p>	<p>Practitioners must ensure they are up to date with relevant issues and clinical skills relating to immunisation and management of anaphylaxis, with evidence of appropriate Continued Professional Development (CPD).</p> <p>Practitioners should be constantly alert to any subsequent recommendations from the UKHSA and/or NHS England and NHS Improvement and other sources of medicines information.</p> <p>Note: The most current national recommendations should be followed but a Patient Specific Direction (PSD) may be required to administer the vaccine in line with updated recommendations that are outside the criteria specified in this PGD.</p>

4. Clinical condition or situation to which this PGD applies

Clinical condition or situation to which this PGD applies	<p>Indicated for the active immunisation of individuals aged 45 years and under² who are MSM and who attend SSHS and/or HIV clinics, for the prevention of human papillomavirus infection in accordance with the recommendations given in Chapter 18a of Immunisation Against Infectious Disease: The 'Green Book'.</p>
Criteria for inclusion	<p>Individuals who:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • are MSM aged 45 years and under² who attend a SSHS and/or HIV clinic and have not previously completed a course of HPV vaccination
Criteria for exclusion³	<p>Individuals for whom no valid consent has been received. For further information on consent see Chapter 2 of the 'Green Book'.</p> <p>Individuals who:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • are females • are aged 46 years and over, except those who have received a partial course of HPV vaccination² • are under 9 years of age • are men who do not have sex with men • have had a confirmed anaphylactic reaction to a previous dose of HPV vaccine or to any component of the vaccine • are suffering from acute severe febrile illness (the presence of a minor infection is not a contraindication for immunisation)
Cautions including any relevant action to be taken	<p>Syncope (fainting) can occur following, or even before, any vaccination especially in adolescents as a psychogenic response to the needle injection. This can be accompanied by several neurological signs such as transient visual disturbance, paraesthesia and tonic-clonic limb movements during recovery. It is important that procedures are in place to avoid injury from faints.</p> <p>The immunogenicity of the vaccine could be reduced in immunosuppressed subjects. Vaccination should proceed in accordance with the national recommendations. However, re-immunisation may need to be considered. Seek medical advice as appropriate.</p>
<p>Action to be taken if the patient is excluded</p> <p>Continued over page Action to be taken if the patient is excluded</p>	<p>If female, this PGD does not apply. Refer to the UKHSA HPV PGD for vaccination in accordance with the national HPV programme if appropriate.</p> <p>Individuals aged 46 years and over are not eligible to commence a course of HPV vaccination under the NHS commissioned service. However, courses commenced before 46 years of age as part of the pilot or national programme can be completed under this PGD.</p> <p>JCVI has advised that there should no longer be a lower age limit for the HPV immunisation of MSM. However, HPV vaccine administration to those under 9 years of age is off-label and is not covered by this PGD so a PSD would be required.</p> <p>Vaccination of individuals who are not MSM is not covered by this PGD. Vaccination should be offered to individuals attending SSHS or HIV clinics who have a similar risk profile to that seen in the MSM population. This includes some transgender individuals, sex workers, and those living</p>

² Anyone eligible for the HPV vaccination programme for MSM that started, but did not complete the schedule before reaching the age of 46 years, should complete the vaccination course, providing the first dose was given as part of the pilot or national programme

³ Exclusion under this PGD does not necessarily mean the medication is contraindicated, but it would be outside its remit and another form of authorisation will be required

(continued)	<p>with HIV infection. These individuals should be assessed on a case-by-case basis and a PSD would be required. Vaccine centrally procured for the HPV MSM programme should not be used for this purpose. If HPV vaccine is indicated but use is outside of the HPV MSM programme, vaccines should be purchased directly from the manufacturer or pharmaceutical wholesaler.</p> <p>If a confirmed anaphylactic reaction has been experienced after a previous dose of HPV vaccine or any of its components specialist advice should be sought.</p> <p>Individuals suffering acute severe febrile illness should postpone immunisation until they have recovered; immunisers should advise when the individual can be vaccinated and ensure another appointment is arranged at the earliest opportunity.</p> <p>Seek appropriate advice from the local Screening and Immunisation Team, local Health Protection Team or the individual's clinician as required.</p> <p>The risk to the individual of not being immunised must be taken into account.</p> <p>Document the reason for exclusion and any action taken in the individual's clinical records.</p> <p>Inform or refer to the individual's clinician as appropriate.</p>
Action to be taken if the patient or carer declines treatment	<p>Informed consent, from the individual or a person legally able to act on the individual's behalf, must be obtained for each administration.</p> <p>Advise the individual about the protective effects of the vaccine, the risks of infection and potential complications.</p> <p>Document advice given and the decision reached.</p> <p>Inform or refer to the individual's clinician as appropriate.</p>
Arrangements for referral for medical advice	As per local policy

5. Description of treatment

Name, strength and formulation of drug	<p>Human papillomavirus vaccine [types 6, 11, 16, 18] (recombinant, adsorbed):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gardasil®, suspension for injection in a pre-filled syringe or vial <p>Or</p> <p>Human papillomavirus 9-valent vaccine [types 6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52, 58] (recombinant, adsorbed):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gardasil® 9, suspension for injection in a pre-filled syringe or vial
Legal category	<p>Prescription only medicine (POM)</p>
Black triangle▼	<p>No</p>
Off-label use	<p>Administration of a two-dose schedule of Gardasil® to individuals aged from 14 years of age and a two-dose schedule of Gardasil® 9 to individuals aged from 15 years of age is off-label but is in accordance with official recommendations and Chapter 18a of the 'Green Book'.</p> <p>Administration of a two-dose course with a 0, 6-24 month schedule differs slightly from the schedules in the SPCs, but is in accordance with official recommendations and Chapter 18a of the 'Green Book'.</p> <p>Completion of a HPV vaccine course using Gardasil® or Gardasil® 9 when it was not commenced with the same HPV vaccine product is off-label but is in accordance with official recommendations and Chapter 18a of the 'Green Book'.</p> <p>The HPV vaccine SPCs state that 'vaccinees should be observed for approximately 15 minutes after vaccine administration'. In line with advice in Chapter 4 of the 'Green Book', recipients of any vaccine should be observed for immediate adverse drug reactions. There is no evidence to support the practice of keeping individuals under longer observation.</p> <p>Vaccine should be stored according to the conditions detailed in the Storage section below. However, in the event of an inadvertent or unavoidable deviation of these conditions refer to Vaccine Incident Guidance. Where vaccine is assessed in accordance with these guidelines as appropriate for continued use this would constitute off-label administration under this PGD.</p> <p>Where a vaccine is recommended off-label consider, as part of the consent process, informing the individual that the vaccine is being offered in accordance with national guidance but that this is outside the product licence.</p>
Route / method of administration Continued over page	<p>Administer by intramuscular injection. The preferred site is the deltoid region of the upper arm.</p> <p>When administering at the same time as other vaccines care should be taken to ensure that the appropriate route of injection is used for all the vaccinations. The vaccines should be given at separate sites, preferably in different limbs. If given in the same limb, they should be given at least 2.5cm apart. The site at which each vaccine was given should be noted in the individual's records.</p> <p>Individuals with bleeding disorders may be vaccinated intramuscularly if, in the opinion of a doctor familiar with the individual's bleeding risk, vaccines or similar small volume intramuscular injections can be administered with reasonable safety by this route. If the individual receives medication/treatment to reduce bleeding, for example treatment for haemophilia, intramuscular vaccination can be scheduled shortly after such medication/treatment is administered. Individuals on stable anticoagulation</p>

<p>Route / method of administration continued</p>	<p>therapy, including individuals on warfarin who are up to date with their scheduled INR testing and whose latest INR was below the upper threshold of their therapeutic range, can receive intramuscular vaccination. A fine needle (equal to 23 gauge or finer calibre such as 25 gauge) should be used for the vaccination, followed by firm pressure applied to the site (without rubbing) for at least 2 minutes. If in any doubt, consult with the clinician responsible for prescribing or monitoring the individual's anticoagulant therapy.</p> <p>The vaccine's normal appearance is a white cloudy liquid which may settle to a clear liquid and white precipitate. Shake well before use.</p> <p>The vaccine should be visually inspected for particulate matter and discoloration prior to administration. In the event of any foreign particulate matter and/or variation of physical aspect being observed, do not administer the vaccine.</p> <p>The vaccine's SPC provides further guidance on administration and is available from the electronic Medicines Compendium website.</p>
<p>Dose and frequency of administration</p> <p>Continued over page Dose and frequency of administration continued</p>	<p>Single 0.5ml dose per administration.</p> <p>Vaccination should be aligned with other routine SSHS or HIV clinic re-attendance where possible to reduce additional visits for vaccination.</p> <p>Immunocompetent MSM aged 45 years and under who are not known to be HIV positive who are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • aged under 15 years at the time of their first dose • aged 15 years to 45 years and commencing a vaccination course after 1 April 2022 <p>Administer a course of two doses with at least a 6-month interval between doses, for instance:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • first dose of 0.5ml of HPV vaccine, then • second dose at least 6 months after and ideally within 24 months of the first dose <p>If the course is interrupted it should be resumed but not repeated, even if more than 24 months have elapsed since the first dose.</p> <p>Where two doses have been administered less than 6 months apart a third dose should be given at least 3 months after the second dose.</p> <p>MSM who are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • aged 45 years and under who are immunosuppressed or known to be HIV-positive (see the 'Green Book' Chapter 18a) • over 15 years of age who commenced a 3-dose schedule prior to 1 April 2022 <p>Administer a course of three doses:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • first dose of 0.5ml of HPV vaccine, then • second dose of 0.5ml at least one month after the first dose, then • a third dose of 0.5ml at least three months after the second dose <p>All three doses should ideally be given within a 12-month period.</p> <p>The programme will aim to deliver three doses within 12 months where possible, using existing appointments where possible to limit additional appointments, and up to 24 months where this is not possible.</p> <p>If the course is interrupted, it should be resumed but not repeated, ideally allowing the appropriate interval between the remaining doses.</p> <p>Whenever possible, immunisations for all individuals on the 3-dose schedule should follow the recommended 0, 1, 4-6 month schedule. There is no clinical data on whether the interval between doses two and three can be reduced below three months. Where the second dose is given late and there</p>

	<p>is a high likelihood that the individual will not return for a third dose after three months or if, for practical reasons, it is not possible to schedule a third dose within this time-frame, then a third dose can be given at least one month after the second dose.</p> <p>Immunocompetent individuals, who are not known to be HIV positive, whose schedule is interrupted/delayed such that they had an interval of 6 months or more between their first and second dose only need a 2-dose schedule. They do not require the third dose.</p>
Duration of treatment	A two or three dose course (see Dose and Frequency section above)
Quantity to be supplied / administered	Single 0.5ml dose per administration.
Supplies	<p>Centrally purchased vaccines for the HPV MSM programme can only be ordered via ImmForm. Vaccines for use for the HPV MSM programme are provided free of charge.</p> <p>Protocols for the ordering, storage and handling of vaccines should be followed to prevent vaccine wastage (see the 'Green Book' Chapter 3).</p>
Storage	<p>Store at +2°C to +8°C. Store in original packaging in order to protect from light. Do not freeze.</p> <p>Gardasil® should be administered as soon as possible after being removed from the cold chain.</p> <p>Data from stability studies demonstrate that the Gardasil® vaccine components are stable for 72 hours when stored at temperatures from +8°C to +42°C and the Gardasil® 9 vaccine components are stable for 96 hours when stored at temperatures from 8°C to 40°C or for 72 hours when stored at temperatures from 0°C to 2°C. These data are intended to guide healthcare professionals in case of temporary temperature excursion only. This PGD may be used to administer vaccine that has not exceeded these stability data parameters.</p> <p>In the event of an inadvertent or unavoidable deviation of these conditions vaccine that has been stored outside the conditions stated above should be quarantined and risk assessed for suitability of continued off-label use or appropriate disposal, refer to Vaccine Incident Guidance.</p>
Disposal	Equipment used for immunisation, including used vials, ampoules, or discharged vaccines in a syringe or applicator, should be disposed of safely in a UN-approved puncture-resistant 'sharps' box, according to local authority arrangements and guidance in the technical memorandum 07-01: Safe management of healthcare waste (Department of Health, 2013).
Drug interactions	<p>Immunological response may be diminished in those receiving immunosuppressive treatment. Vaccination is recommended even if the antibody response may be limited.</p> <p>May be given at the same time as other vaccines.</p> <p>A trend of lower anti-HPV titres has been observed when Gardasil® is administered concomitantly with dTaP, dT/IPV or dTaP/IPV vaccines, though the clinical significance of this observation is unclear. Gardasil® or Gardasil® 9 may be administered concomitantly with dTaP, dT/IPV or dTaP/IPV with no significant interference with antibody response to any of the components of either vaccine.</p> <p>A detailed list of drug interactions is available in the SPC, which is available from the electronic Medicines Compendium website.</p>
Continued over page Drug interactions continued	

Identification & management of adverse reactions	<p>Local reactions following vaccination are very common ie pain, swelling or redness at the injection site.</p> <p>Mild side effects such as headache, nausea, dizziness, pain in extremity, fatigue, fever, injection-site haematoma and injection-site pruritus are reported as common.</p> <p>Other adverse events have been reported in post-marketing surveillance but the frequency of these is not known.</p> <p>Hypersensitivity reactions and anaphylaxis can occur but are very rare.</p> <p>A detailed list of adverse reactions is available in the SPC which is available from the electronic Medicines Compendium website.</p>
Reporting procedure of adverse reactions	<p>Healthcare professionals and individuals are encouraged to report suspected adverse reactions to the Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA) using the Yellow Card reporting scheme or search for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play or Apple App Store.</p> <p>Any adverse reaction to a vaccine should be documented in the individual's record and the individual's clinician should be informed.</p>
Written information to be given to patient or carer	<p>Offer marketing authorisation holder's patient information leaflet (PIL) provided with the vaccine.</p> <p>Immunisation promotional material may be provided as appropriate:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HPV for MSM: Information leaflet <p>Available via the UKHSA Immunisation Collection webpage.</p>
Patient advice / follow up treatment	<p>Inform the individual of possible side effects and their management. The individual should be advised to seek medical advice in the event of an adverse reaction.</p> <p>Advise individual when the next dose is due. If administration is postponed advise the individual when to return for vaccination.</p> <p>Advise that individuals should continue to take appropriate precautions to protect themselves from sexually transmitted diseases.</p> <p>Advise individuals that using a condom during sex can help to prevent an HPV infection. However, condoms don't offer complete protection. HPV can be present all over the area around the genitals and anus and is spread through skin-to-skin contact of the genital area.</p>
Special considerations / additional information Continued over page Special considerations / additional information (continued)	<p>Ensure there is immediate access to adrenaline (epinephrine) 1 in 1000 injection and access to a telephone at the time of vaccination.</p> <p>HPV vaccination is for prophylaxis against future HPV infection. It will not treat pre-existing HPV infection.</p> <p>Gardasil® 9 vaccine will protect against HPV types 6, 11, 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 and 58. Gardasil® vaccine will protect against HPV types 6, 11, 16 and 18 with limited cross protection to other HPV types. Appropriate precautions against sexually transmitted diseases should continue to be used.</p> <p>There may be considerable benefit in offering the HPV vaccine to individuals attending SSHS or HIV clinics who were not eligible for the routine HPV programme and are deemed to have a similar risk profile to that seen in the MSM population. This includes some transgender individuals, sex workers, and men and women living with HIV. Those whose risk of acquiring HPV is considered equivalent to the risk of MSM eligible for the HPV vaccine, should be offered vaccination. However, this PGD does not cover the vaccination of these individuals so a PSD may be required.</p>

	<p>For those who have previously completed a course of HPV vaccination as part of the school HPV programme, no further doses need be given.</p> <p>There is no data on fewer than 3 doses of HPV vaccine among HIV-positive or immunocompromised populations. Therefore, a 3-dose schedule should be offered to individuals who are known to be HIV positive, including those on antiretroviral therapy, or who are known to be immunocompromised at the time of immunisation.</p> <p>For individuals who started but did not complete an HPV vaccine schedule, the course can be completed with Gardasil® or Gardasil® 9, the vaccines currently in use in the UK HPV programme for MSM.</p>
<p>Records</p>	<p>Record:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • that valid informed consent was given • name of individual, address and date of birth • name of immuniser • name and brand of vaccine • date of administration • dose, form and route of administration of vaccine • quantity administered • batch number and expiry date • anatomical site of vaccination • advice given, including advice given if excluded or declines immunisation • details of any adverse drug reactions and actions taken • supplied via PGD <p>Records should be signed and dated (or a password-controlled immuniser's record on e-records).</p> <p>All records should be clear, legible and contemporaneous.</p> <p>Vaccination records for each eligible MSM should be coded on GUMCADv2 and/or HARS in accordance with the service specification.</p> <p>A record of all individuals receiving treatment under this PGD should also be kept for audit purposes in accordance with local policy.</p>

6. Key references

Key references	Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Immunisation Against Infectious Disease: The Green Book Chapter 18a, last updated 12 July 2019. https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/immunisation-against-infectious-disease-the-green-book• Summary of Product Characteristic for Gardasil[®], MSD Ltd. Last updated 10 March 2021. http://www.medicines.org.uk/emc/medicine/19016• Summary of Product Characteristic for Gardasil[®]9, MSD Ltd. Last updated 6 January 2022. https://www.medicines.org.uk/emc/product/7330• Service specification for human papillomavirus programme for men who have sex with men (HPV-MSM). https://www.england.nhs.uk/commissioning/pub-hlth-res/ General <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Health Technical Memorandum 07-01: Safe Management of Healthcare Waste. Department of Health 20 March 2013. https://www.england.nhs.uk/publication/management-and-disposal-of-healthcare-waste-hm-07-01/• National Minimum Standards and Core Curriculum for Immunisation Training. Published February 2018. https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-minimum-standards-and-core-curriculum-for-immunisation-training-for-registered-healthcare-practitioners• NICE Medicines Practice Guideline 2 (MPG2): Patient Group Directions. Published March 2017. https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/mpg2• NICE MPG2 Patient group directions: competency framework for health professionals using patient group directions. Updated March 2017. https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/mpg2/resources• UKHSA Immunisation Collection https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/immunisation• Vaccine Incident Guidance https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/vaccine-incident-guidance-responding-to-vaccine-errors
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7. Practitioner authorisation sheet

HPV (MSM) PGD v03.00 Valid from: 01/04/2022 Expiry: 31/03/2024

Before signing this PGD, check that the document has had the necessary authorisations in section two. Without these, this PGD is not lawfully valid.

Practitioner

By signing this PGD you are indicating that you agree to its contents and that you will work within it.

PGDs do not remove inherent professional obligations or accountability.

It is the responsibility of each professional to practise only within the bounds of their own competence and professional code of conduct.

I confirm that I have read and understood the content of this PGD and that I am willing and competent to work to it within my professional code of conduct.

Name	Designation	Signature	Date

Authorising manager

I confirm that the practitioners named above have declared themselves suitably trained and competent to work under this PGD. I give authorisation on behalf of
insert name of organisation
for the above named healthcare professionals who have signed the PGD to work under it.

Name	Designation	Signature	Date

Note to authorising manager

Score through unused rows in the list of practitioners to prevent practitioner additions post managerial authorisation.

This authorisation sheet should be retained to serve as a record of those practitioners authorised to work under this PGD.