

# Public Health GP Bulletin

Issue 77: 18th February 2022

#### About this bulletin:

The bulletin contains important Public Health information relating to Section 7a Screening and Immunisation programmes commissioned by NHSE/I. Content may include requests for information and deadlines affecting payments, as well as updates on issues relating to GP contracts.

Current issues and back copies of the bulletins and attachments are available on the NHSE/I website <a href="here">here</a>. If you have any questions or wish to provide feedback, please contact the Integrated Public Health Team at <a href="here">england.swscreeningandimms@nhs.net</a>

#### Contents:

- ICARS COVID-19 Newsletter
- CQRS Public Health Claims End of Financial Year 2021/22
- Accessibility to Cervical Screening for Transgender People

### ICARS COVID-19 Newsletter

We are pleased to bring you the latest updates from our ICARS service. This newsletter is attached to your email.

### CQRS Public Health Claims - End of Financial Year 2021/22

Please see attached document:

CQRS end of year reminder.pdf

## Accessibility to Cervical Screening for Transgender People

Further to our comms last week outlining the national cervical screening campaign that will raise awareness of the risks of cervical cancer and highlight the preventative benefits of screening, and, as the campaign will actively target sub-groups who may experience additional barriers to attending

screening – ethnic minority (Black and South Asian communities) and LGBTQ+ people with a cervix, we thought it would be timely to re-circulate the leaflet below.

https://phescreening.blog.gov.uk/2017/07/04/new-leaflet-aims-to-improve-accessibility-to-screening-for-transgender-people/

We aim to make screening accessible and inclusive for all eligible populations.

For people who are trans (transgender) or non-binary (any gender that is not exclusively male or female), inequalities may exist because individuals:

- do not know which screening programmes they are eligible for
- are not invited for screening because of the gender they are registered as with their GP

For example, individuals registered as male may not be called for female specific cervical and breast screening, even though they might benefit from it.