

The statistics on Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) Risk Assessment in England for Quarter 4 2013/14 (January to March 2014) produced by NHS England were released on 6<sup>th</sup> June 2014 according to the arrangements approved by the UK Statistics Authority.

**Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) Risk Assessment data collection  
Quarter 4 2013/14 (January-March 2014)**

**The key points from the latest release are:**

The key results for data collected on the number and proportion of VTE Risk Assessments carried out on adult admissions to NHS funded acute care are as follows:

- Of the 3.5 million adult patients admitted to NHS funded acute care in Quarter 4 2013/14, as reported in this data collection, 3.4 million (96%) of these received a VTE risk assessment on admission, the same percentage as in Quarter 3 2013/14.
- In Quarter 4 2013/14, the proportion of admissions receiving a VTE risk assessment was slightly lower for NHS acute care providers (96%) than IS providers (99%), with NHS acute care providers carrying out around 97% of all VTE risk assessments.
- All the NHS regions (London, North of England, South of England, Midlands and East of England) achieved the 95% goal in this quarter.
- In Quarter 4 2013/14, 90% of the providers (290 trusts) carried out a VTE risk assessment for 95% or more of their admissions (the CQUIN goal), an increase of 3 percentage points from 87% (277 trusts) in Quarter 3 2013/14. The percentage of trusts carrying out a VTE risk assessment that are nearing the CQUIN goal (from 90% to below 95% of their admissions) is 7% (23 trusts), an improvement from 10% (33 trusts) in Quarter 3 2013/14.

The full data tables can be found on the NHS England website:

<http://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/vte/>