

Cancer Waiting Times, February 2016– Commissioner Based-Provisional

The latest monthly statistics on waiting times for suspected and diagnosed cancer patients accessing services within the NHS were released by NHS England on 14th April 2016 according to the arrangements approved by the UK Statistics Authority.

Waiting Times for Cancer Services – February 2016

The key points from the latest release are:

The key results for outpatient services and pathways ending with first definitive treatments show that, for cancer patients whose care was commissioned by the English NHS, during the period February 2016:

Two week wait:

- 95.4% of people were seen by a specialist within two weeks of an urgent GP referral for suspected cancer (93.5% in January 2016)
- 94.5% of people urgently referred for breast symptoms (where cancer was not initially suspected) were seen within two weeks of referral (92.4% in January 2016)

One month (31-day) wait from diagnosis to first definitive treatment:

- 97.6% of people treated began first definitive treatment within 31 days of receiving their diagnosis, all cancers (96.9% in January 2016)

Two month (62-day) wait from urgent GP referral to first definitive treatment:

- 80.8% of people treated began first definitive treatment within 62 days of being urgently referred for suspected cancer by their GP, all cancers (80.8% in January 2016)

62-day wait extensions

- 86.9% of patients began first definitive treatment within 62 days of a consultant's decision to upgrade their priority, all cancers (87.6% in January 2016)
- 90.0% of people began first definitive treatment for cancer within 62 days of referral from an NHS cancer screening service, all cancers (92.7% in January 2016)

The key results for waiting times for second or subsequent treatment for patients whose care was commissioned by the English NHS, during the period February 2016:

31-day wait for subsequent treatment:

- 95.8% of people began treatment within 31 days where the subsequent treatment was surgery (94.5% in January 2016)
- 99.6% of people began treatment within 31 days where the subsequent treatment was an anti-cancer drug regimen (98.5% in January 2016)
- 98.0% of people began treatment within 31 days where the subsequent treatment was a course of radiotherapy (95.8% in January 2016)

More analyses are published as part of this statistical release on the NHS England website.

<http://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/category/statistics/provider-waiting-cancer/>

Contact address and email

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