

STATISTICAL PRESS NOTICE MONTHLY DELAYED TRANSFERS OF CARE DATA, ENGLAND, FEBRUARY 2017

Main Findings – February 2017:

Delayed Transfers of Care

- There were 184,900 total delayed days in February 2017, of which 124,200 were in acute care. This is an increase from February 2016, where there were 158,100 total delayed days, of which 104,300 were in acute care.
- There were 6,600 delayed days per calendar day in February 2017 (4,400 acute) compared to 5,500 delayed days per calendar day in February 2016 (3,600 acute).
- 55.5% of all delays in February 2017 were attributable to the NHS, 36.4% were attributable to Social Care and the remaining 8.0% were attributable to both NHS and Social Care.
- The proportion of delays attributable to Social Care has increased over the last year to 36.4% in February 2017, compared to 32.1% in February 2016.
- The main reason for NHS delays in February 2017 was “patients awaiting further non-acute NHS care”. This accounted for 34,700 delayed days (33.8% of all NHS delays). The number of delays attributable to this reason showed a general increase between July 2015 and March 2016, before levelling off for several months. The number of delays attributable to this reason has decreased in February after peaking in January.
- The main reason for Social Care delays in February 2017 was “patients awaiting care package in their own home”. This accounted for 24,100 delayed days (35.8% of all Social Care delays), compared to 15,900 in February 2016. The proportion of delays attributable to this reason has been steadily increasing since February 2015.
- Delays can occur in either an acute or non-acute care setting. The proportion of delays occurring in acute care in February 2017 was 67.2% compared to 65.9% in February 2016.
- There were 6,800 patients delayed at midnight on the last Thursday of February 2017, of which 4,500 were acute patients. This compares to 5,700 patients, including 3,800 acute patients, which were delayed at midnight on the last Thursday of February 2016.

Table 1 shows information on delayed transfers of care from February 2014 to February 2017.

Table 2 shows the number of delayed transfers of care by type of care, reason for delay and responsible organisation for February 2017.

Details of delayed transfers of care data for individual organisations are available at:

<http://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/delayed-transfers-of-care/delayed-transfers-of-care-data-2016-17/>

Table 1 – Delayed Transfers of Care – February 2014 to February 2017

Month	Delayed Transfers of Care	
	Patients Delayed	Total Days Delayed
February 2014	4,276	112,845
March 2014	4,327	123,061
April 2014	4,207	116,261
May 2014	4,516	126,779
June 2014	4,363	124,118
July 2014	4,612	133,903
August 2014	4,704	137,613
September 2014	4,960	138,267
October 2014	4,930	142,927
November 2014	5,063	140,949
December 2014	4,475	139,025
January 2015	5,221	150,392
February 2015	4,942	134,353
March 2015	4,948	140,390
April 2015	4,739	138,030
May 2015	4,972	137,115
June 2015	4,996	139,538
July 2015	4,888	147,376
August 2015	5,114	145,093
September 2015	5,247	147,738
October 2015	5,330	160,130
November 2015	5,573	153,155
December 2015	5,004	154,008
January 2016	5,781	159,641
February 2016	5,727	158,131
March 2016	5,628	169,928
April 2016	5,879	167,966
May 2016	6,010	172,195
June 2016	6,121	171,546
July 2016	6,364	184,188
August 2016	6,448	188,340
September 2016	6,777	196,246
October 2016	6,810	200,008
November 2016	6,825	193,680
December 2016	6,191	195,286
January 2017	7,106	197,054
February 2017	6,797	184,855

Notes:

- Information on the numbers of people delayed on the last Thursday of the reporting period and the total number of Delayed Days are not directly comparable because the first is a 'snapshot' and the second a cumulative total.

Table 2 – Delayed Transfers of Care by Type of Care, Reason for Delay and Responsible Organisation – February 2017

Type of Care	Reason For Delay	Patients Delayed			Total Days Delayed		
		NHS	Social Care	Both	NHS	Social Care	Both
Acute	A) Awaiting completion of assessment	414	331	104	10,773	8,811	2,786
	B) Awaiting public funding	60	31	4	2,015	636	63
	C) Awaiting further non-acute NHS care (including intermediate care, rehabilitation services etc)	1,041	NA	NA	29,762	NA	NA
	Dii) Awaiting nursing home placement or availability	258	284	28	8,080	7,530	803
	Di) Awaiting residential home placement or availability	108	262	NA	3,167	6,736	NA
	E) Awaiting care package in own home	250	522	193	6,732	14,804	4,612
	F) Awaiting community equipment and adaptations	95	16	7	2,368	380	256
	G) Patient or family choice	419	46	NA	10,672	1,103	NA
	H) Disputes	25	3	NA	548	60	NA
	I) Housing – patients not covered by NHS and Community Care Act	47	NA	NA	1,502	NA	NA
Non-Acute	A) Awaiting completion of assessment	149	143	66	4,192	3,466	1,623
	B) Awaiting public funding	50	58	40	1,321	1,516	899
	C) Awaiting further non-acute NHS care (including intermediate care, rehabilitation services etc)	193	NA	NA	4,924	NA	NA
	Dii) Awaiting nursing home placement or availability	96	138	75	2,812	4,117	2,139
	Di) Awaiting residential home placement or availability	97	245	NA	3,031	6,755	NA
	E) Awaiting care package in own home	84	339	59	2,246	9,312	1,530
	F) Awaiting community equipment and adaptations	29	12	2	834	333	162
	G) Patient or family choice	196	58	NA	4,974	1,397	NA
	H) Disputes	25	16	NA	727	363	NA
	I) Housing – patients not covered by NHS and Community Care Act	79	NA	NA	1,983	NA	NA
All	Total	3,715	2,504	578	102,663	67,319	14,873

Notes:

1. NA means the combination of reason and responsible organisation is not permitted.
2. Information on the numbers of people delayed on the last Thursday of the reporting period and the total number of Delayed Days are not directly comparable because the first is a 'snapshot' and the second a cumulative total.

Statistical Notes to Editors

1. Delayed Transfers of Care data

A delayed transfer of care occurs when a patient is medically fit for discharge from acute or non-acute care and is still occupying a bed. For a more detailed definition please read the guidance on NHS England's website at:
<http://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/delayed-transfers-of-care/>

Data on the number of patients with a delayed transfers of care is a monthly snapshot taken at midnight on the last Thursday of each month and can fluctuate from month to month. Data on the number of delayed days is a cumulative figure for the month and therefore, the two are not comparable.

Data on delayed transfers of care is collected from providers of NHS funded care and is split by:

- Local Authority that is responsible for each patient delayed
- Agency responsible for delay (NHS, Social Services or both)
- Type of care that the patient receives (acute or non-acute)
- Reason for delay

A detailed breakdown of the data can be found on NHS England's website in CSV format at:

<http://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/delayed-transfers-of-care/delayed-transfers-of-care-data-2016-17/>

2. Trust and Local Authority level data

Delayed transfers of care data covers NHS patients in English Hospitals, who may or may not reside in England and is published on both a trust and Local Authority basis.

Trust level reflects data at organisation level for those organisations that provide NHS funded care, for example acute Trusts, community providers, mental health trusts and Social Enterprise organisations.

Local Authority data reflects data on a regional population basis, i.e. Councils with Adult Social Services Responsibility (CASSRs) that are responsible for all patients who reside in their region.

3. Data Quality

Monthly delayed transfers of care data has been collected and published since August 2010. Prior to August 2010, data was collected weekly and was un-validated management information.

Delayed transfers of care data published during the early months of the collection from August 2010 to October 2010 should be treated with a degree of caution as a change from a weekly to a monthly data collection led to data quality issues. Since October 2010, there has been a significant improvement in the coverage and accuracy of this data.

4. Data Availability

Delayed Transfers of Care data is published approximately 6 weeks after the end of the reference period. The next publication of this report and accompanying data will be 11th May, 2017.

5. Revisions

Revisions to previous month's data are made in line with NHS England's revisions protocol for performance monitoring data. Future revisions will be made on a six monthly cycle. The revisions protocol can be found on the NHS England website at: <http://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/code-compliance/>

6. Feedback Welcomed

We welcome feedback on the content and presentation of Delayed Transfers of Care statistics within this Statistical Press Notice and those published on NHS England's website. Please email any comments on this, or any other issues regarding the SitReps data and statistics, to: unify2@dh.gsi.gov.uk

Additional Information

For press enquiries please contact the NHS England media team on 0113 825 0958 or 0113 825 0959. Emails enquiries should be sent to: nhsengland.media@nhs.net

The Government Statistical Service (GSS) statistician responsible for producing these data is:

Adrian Fletcher
Operational Information for Commissioning (National)
NHS England
Room 5E15, Quarry House, Quarry Hill, Leeds LS2 7UE
For data queries, email: unify2@dh.gsi.gov.uk