#### STATISTICAL PRESS NOTICE MONTHLY DELAYED TRANSFERS OF CARE DATA, ENGLAND, NOVEMBER 2018

#### Main Findings –NOVEMBER 2018:

#### **Delayed Transfers of Care**

- There were 137,400 total delayed days in November 2018, of which 89,500 were in acute care. This is a decrease from November 2017, where there were 155,100 total delayed days, of which 99,600 were in acute care.
- The 137,400 total delayed days in November 2018 is equivalent to 4,580 daily DTOC beds. This compares to 4,737 in October 2018 and 5,171 in November 2017.
- Both the NHS and Social Care sectors have seen reductions in the volume of delayed transfers of care in the last year.
- 61.9% of all delays in November 2018 were attributable to the NHS, 30.0% were attributable to Social Care and the remaining 8.1% were attributable to both NHS and Social Care.
- The proportion of delays attributable to Social Care has decreased over the last year to 30.0%.
- The main reason for NHS delays in November 2018 was "Patients Awaiting further Non Acute NHS Care". This accounted for 21,800 delayed days (25.7% of all NHS delays). The number of delays attributable to this reason showed an increase between August 2015 and January 2017. Since then, the number has been generally decreasing. The 21,800 delays are the lowest number of delays attributed to this reason since December 2012 (20,800).
- The main reason for Social Care delays in November 2018 was "Patients Awaiting Care Package in their Own Home". This accounted for 13,600 delayed days (33.1% of all Social Care delays), compared to 18,700 in November 2017. The number of delays attributable to this reason had been increasing steadily since April 2014 and reached a peak in December 2016. Delays attributable to this reason have been gradually decreasing since March 2017, although since May 2018 these figures have increased slightly.
- Delays can occur in either an acute or non-acute care setting. The proportion of delays occurring in acute care in November 2018 was 65.1% compared to 64.2% in November 2017.

**Table 1** shows information on delayed transfers of care from November 2015 to November2018.

**Table 2** shows the number of delayed transfers of care by type of care, reason for delay and responsible organisation for November 2018.

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Details of delayed transfers of care data for individual organisations are available at:

https://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/statistical-work-areas/delayed-transfers-of-care/ delayed-transfers-of-care-data-2018-19/

#### Table 1 – Delayed Transfers of Care – November 2015 to November 2018

Month	nsfers of Care	
	Total Days DTOC Beds	
	Delayed	
November 2015	153,155	5,105
December 2015	154,008	4,968
January 2016	159,467	5,144
February 2016	158,055	5,450
March 2016	169,882	5,480
April 2016	168,018	5,601
May 2016	172,294	5,558
June 2016	173,122	5,771
July 2016	184,578	5,954
August 2016	187,851	6,060
September 2016	196,570	6,552
October 2016	200,095	6,455
November 2016	193,206	6,440
December 2016	195,445	6,305
January 2017	197,511	6,371
February 2017	186,490	6,660
March 2017	199,641	6,440
April 2017	176,886	5,896
May 2017	178,209	5,749
June 2017	177,881	5,929
July 2017	181,891	5,867
August 2017	180,285	5,816
September 2017	168,041	5,601
October 2017	169,864	5,479
November 2017	155,137	5,171
December 2017	145,040	4,679
January 2018	151,383	4,883
February 2018	140,364	5,013
March 2018	154,494	4,984
April 2018	145,181	4,839
May 2018	139,533	4,501
June 2018	134,726	4,491
July 2018	140,361	4,528
August 2018	146,841	4,737
September 2018	144,536	4,818
October 2018	146,861	4,737
November 2018	137,388	4,580

Notes:

1. As of April 2017, patient snapshot data is no longer being collected.

# Table 2 – Delayed Transfers of Care by Type of Care, Reason for Delay and Responsible Organisation – November 2018

Туре	Reason For Delay Total Days Delayed			red
of		NHS	Social Care	Both
Care				
Acute	A) Awaiting completion of assessment	5,390	4,260	1,226
	B) Awaiting public funding	1,109	491	50
	C) Awaiting further non-acute NHS care	18,347	NA	NA
	(including intermediate care, rehabilitation			
	services etc)			
	Di) Awaiting residential home placement	3,446	5,881	NA
	or availability			
	Dii) Awaiting nursing home placement or	8,090	4,008	529
	availability			
	E) Awaiting care package in own home	7,915	8,628	3,318
	F) Awaiting community equipment and	2,210	338	256
	adaptations			
	G) Patient or family choice	10,693	723	NA
	H) Disputes	456	151	NA
	I) Housing – patients not covered by NHS	1,937	NA	NA
	and Community Care Act			
Non- Acute	A) Awaiting completion of assessment	1,538	1,328	395
	B) Awaiting public funding	836	778	796
	C) Awaiting further non-acute NHS care	3,479	NA	NA
	(including intermediate care, rehabilitation			
	services etc)			<b>N</b> 14
	Di) Awaiting residential home placement	3,263	5,095	NA
	or availability	4.074	0.000	0.400
	Dii) Awaiting nursing home placement or	1,971	3,003	2,409
	availability	0.007	F 010	4 044
	E) Awaiting care package in own home	2,397	5,012	1,811
	F) Awaiting community equipment and	749	258	81
	adaptations	4 404	000	NIA
	G) Patient or family choice	4,401	829	NA
	H) Disputes	313	143	NA
	I) Housing – patients not covered by NHS	4,773	NA	NA
	and Community Care Act	1 700	200	200
	O) Other	1,732	320	226
All	Total	85,045	41,246	11,097

Notes:

- 1. NA means the combination of reason and responsible organisation is not permitted.
- 2. As of April 2017, a new 'Other' category has been added for non-acute delays. This category is used for delays reported in NHS Digital's Mental Health Services Data Set (MHSDS v2.0) which cannot be mapped to existing codes within the NHS England Delayed Transfers of Care collection.

# Statistical Notes to Editors

# 1. Delayed Transfers of Care data

A delayed transfer of care occurs when a patient is medically fit for discharge from acute or non-acute care and is still occupying a bed. For a more detailed definition please read the guidance on NHS England's website at: <a href="http://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/delayed-transfers-of-care/">http://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/delayed-transfers-of-care/</a>

The daily DTOC beds measure is calculated by dividing the total number of delayed days in the month by the number of calendar days.

As of April 2017, the count of patients delayed on the last Thursday of the month is no longer being collected. Historical data for this measure will remain available on the NHS England Statistics website.

Data on delayed transfers of care is collected from providers of NHS funded care and is split by:

- Local Authority that is responsible for each patient delayed
- Agency responsible for delay (NHS, Social Services or both)
- Type of care that the patient receives (acute or non-acute)
- Reason for delay

A detailed breakdown of the data can be found on NHS England's website in CSV format at:

https://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/statistical-work-areas/delayed-transfers-of-care/ delayed-transfers-of-care-data-2018-19/

# 2. Trust and Local Authority level data

Delayed transfers of care data covers NHS patients in English Hospitals, who may or may not reside in England and is published on both a trust and Local Authority basis.

Trust level reflects data at organisation level for those organisations that provide NHS funded care, for example acute Trusts, community providers, mental health trusts and Social Enterprise organisations.

Local Authority data reflects data on a regional population basis, i.e. Councils with Adult Social Services Responsibility (CASSRs) that are responsible for all patients who reside in their region.

# 3. Data Quality

Monthly delayed transfers of care data has been collected and published since August 2010. Prior to August 2010, data was collected weekly and was un-validated management information.

Delayed transfers of care data published during the early months of the collection from August 2010 to October 2010 should be treated with a degree of caution as a change from a weekly to a monthly data collection led to data quality issues. Since October 2010, there has been a significant improvement in the coverage and accuracy of this data.

# 4. Data Availability

Delayed Transfers of Care data is published approximately six weeks after the end of the reference period. The next publication of this report and accompanying data will be 14<sup>th</sup> February 2019.

## 5. Revisions

Revisions to previous months' data are made in line with NHS England's revisions protocol for performance monitoring data. Future revisions will be made on a six monthly cycle. The revisions protocol can be found on the NHS England website at: <a href="http://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/code-compliance/">http://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/code-compliance/</a>

### 6. Feedback Welcomed

We welcome feedback on the content and presentation of Delayed Transfers of Care statistics within this Statistical Press Notice and those published on NHS England's website. Please email any comments on this, or any other issues regarding the SitReps data and statistics, to: <u>england.nhsdata@nhs.net</u>

### **Additional Information**

For press enquiries please contact the NHS England media team on 0113 825 0958 or 0113 825 0959. Emails enquiries should be sent to: <a href="mailto:nhsengland.media@nhs.net">nhsengland.media@nhs.net</a>

The Government Statistical Service (GSS) statistician responsible for producing these data is:

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