STATISTICAL PRESS NOTICE MONTHLY DELAYED TRANSFERS OF CARE DATA, ENGLAND, FEBRUARY 2020

Main Findings - FEBRUARY 2020:

Delayed Transfers of Care

- There were 155,700 total delayed days in February 2020, of which 103,000 were in acute care. This is an increase from February 2019, where there were 127,200 total delayed days, of which 82,000 were in acute care.
- The 155,700 total delayed days in February 2020 is equivalent to an average of 5,370 people delayed per day. This compares to 4,543 in February 2019 and 5,182 last month and is the highest number since October 2017.
- The NHS and Social Care sectors have seen an increase in the volume of delayed transfers of care compared to the same month last year, and the number of delays jointly attributable has increased also.
- 59.7% of all delays in February 2020 were attributable to the NHS, 30.3% were attributable to Social Care and the remaining 9.9% were attributable to both NHS and Social Care.
- The proportion of delays attributable to the NHS has decreased over the last year from 62.7% to 59.7%, whilst Social Care attributable delays have increased from 28.6% to 30.3%.
- The main reason for NHS delays in February 2020 was "Patients Awaiting further Non-Acute NHS Care". This accounted for 28,700 delayed days (30.9% of all NHS delays).
 The number of delays attributable to this reason showed an increase between August 2015 and January 2017 but has been generally stable since May 2018.
- The main reason for Social Care delays in February 2020 was "Patients Awaiting Care Package in their Own Home". This accounted for 15,100 delayed days (32.1% of all Social Care delays). Delays attributable to this reason were generally decreasing between Summer 2018 and Summer 2019 but have increased again since then.
- Delays can occur in either an acute or non-acute care setting. The proportion of delays occurring in acute care in February 2020 was 66.2% compared to 64.4% in February 2019.
- The following trust did not submit data for February 2020:
 The Royal Orthopaedic Hospital NHS Foundation Trust (RRJ)

Table 1 shows information on delayed transfers of care from February 2017 to February 2020.

Table 2 shows the number of delayed transfers of care by type of care, reason for delay and responsible organisation for February 2020.

Details of delayed transfers of care data for individual organisations are available at:

https://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/statistical-work-areas/delayed-transfers-of-care

Table 1 - Delayed Transfers of Care - February 2017 to February 2020

Month	Delayed Transfers of Care				
	Total Days	Average Number			
	Delayed	of People			
		Delayed per Day			
February 2017	186,490	6,660			
March 2017	199,641	6,440			
April 2017	176,886	5,896			
May 2017	178,209	5,749			
June 2017	177,881	5,929			
July 2017	181,891	5,867			
August 2017	180,285	5,816			
September 2017	168,041	5,601			
October 2017	169,864	5,479			
November 2017	155,137	5,171			
December 2017	145,040	4,679			
January 2018	151,383	4,883			
February 2018	140,364	5,013			
March 2018	154,494	4,984			
April 2018	145,347	4,845			
May 2018	139,812	4,510			
June 2018	135,088	4,503			
July 2018	140,938	4,546			
August 2018	146,866	4,738			
September 2018	144,595	4,820			
October 2018	146,610	4,729			
November 2018	136,183	4,539			
December 2018	128,799	4,155			
January 2019	135,428	4,369			
February 2019	127,207	4,543			
March 2019	138,776	4,477			
April 2019	130,773	4,359			
May 2019	139,415	4,497			
June 2019	135,089	4,503			
July 2019	139,903	4,513			
August 2019	148,872	4,802			
September 2019	149,384	4,979			
October 2019	152,522	4,920			
November 2019	145,876	4,863			
December 2019	148,101	4,777			
January 2020	160,637	5,182			
February 2020	155,717	5,370			

Table 2 – Delayed Transfers of Care by Type of Care, Reason for Delay and Responsible Organisation – February 2020

Туре	Reason For Delay	Total Days Delayed		
of		NHS	Social Care	Both
Care				
Acute	A) Awaiting completion of assessment	5,970	8,522	2,286
	B) Awaiting public funding	1,014	357	117
	C) Awaiting further non-acute NHS care	0.4.577	•	
	(including intermediate care, rehabilitation	24,577	0	0
	services etc)			
	Di) Awaiting residential home placement or availability	3,386	6,240	0
	Dii) Awaiting nursing home placement or			
	availability	7,709	3,943	928
	E) Awaiting care package in own home	7,190	10,209	4,883
	F) Awaiting community equipment and	1,865	388	209
	adaptations			
G) Patient or family choice H) Disputes	G) Patient or family choice	9,749	1,082	0
		206	57	0
	I) Housing – patients not covered by NHS	2,130	0	0
	and Community Care Act		-	
Non-	A) Awaiting completion of assessment	1,700	1,436	300
C) Awaiting (including in services etc.) Di) Awaiting or availability Dii) Awaiting availability E) Awaiting F) Awaiting adaptations G) Patient o H) Disputes I) Housing —	B) Awaiting public funding	1,158	693	779
	C) Awaiting further non-acute NHS care	4,140	0	0
	(including intermediate care, rehabilitation services etc)			
	Di) Awaiting residential home placement	3,210	4,992	0
		•	,	
	Dii) Awaiting nursing home placement or availability	2,471	2,318	3,083
	E) Awaiting care package in own home	2,800	4,926	2,456
	F) Awaiting community equipment and adaptations	1,077	312	126
	G) Patient or family choice	5,073	964	0
		522	259	0
	I) Housing – patients not covered by NHS and Community Care Act	5,897	0	0
	O) Other	1,189	520	299
All	Total	93,033	47,218	15,466

Notes:

- 1. NA means the combination of reason and responsible organisation is not permitted.
- 2. As of April 2018, a new 'Other' category has been added for non-acute delays. This category is used for delays reported in NHS Digital's Mental Health Services Data Set (MHSDS v2.0) which cannot be mapped to existing codes within the Monthly Delayed Transfers of Care collection.

Statistical Notes to Editors

1. Delayed Transfers of Care data

A delayed transfer of care occurs when a patient is medically fit for discharge from acute or non-acute care and is still occupying a bed. For a more detailed definition please read the guidance on NHS England's website at: http://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/delayed-transfers-of-care/

The number of people delayed per day measure is calculated by dividing the total number of delayed days in the month by the number of calendar days.

As of April 2017, the count of patients delayed on the last Thursday of the month is no longer being collected. Historical data for this measure will remain available on the NHS England Statistics website.

Data on delayed transfers of care is collected from providers of NHS funded care and is split by:

- Local Authority that is responsible for each patient delayed
- Agency responsible for delay (NHS, Social Services or both)
- Type of care that the patient receives (acute or non-acute)
- Reason for delay

A detailed breakdown of the data can be found on NHS England's website in CSV format at:

https://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/statistical-work-areas/delayed-transfers-of-care/delayed-transfers-of-care-data-2019-20/

2. Trust and Local Authority level data

Delayed transfers of care data covers NHS patients in English Hospitals, who may or may not reside in England and is published on both a trust and Local Authority basis.

Trust level reflects data at organisation level for those organisations that provide NHS funded care, for example acute Trusts, community providers, mental health trusts and Social Enterprise organisations.

Local Authority data reflects data on a population basis, i.e. Councils with Adult Social Services Responsibility (CASSRs) that are responsible for all patients who reside in their area.

3. Data Quality

Monthly delayed transfers of care data has been collected and published since August 2010. Prior to August 2010, data was collected weekly and was un-validated management information.

Delayed transfers of care data published during the early months of the collection from August 2010 to December 2010 should be treated with a degree of caution as a change from a weekly to a monthly data collection led to data quality issues. Since December 2010, there has been a significant improvement in the coverage and accuracy of this data.

4. Data Availability

Delayed Transfers of Care data is published approximately six weeks after the end of the reference period. However, due to the coronavirus illness (COVID-19) and the need to release capacity across the NHS to support the response, the collection and publication of these and some of our official statistics is suspended currently. This will apply to the releases listed here:

https://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2020/03/COVID-19-and-the-production-of-statistics-2020-03-29.pdf

5. Revisions

Revisions to previous months' data are made in line with NHS England and NHS Improvement's revisions protocol for performance monitoring data. Future revisions will be made on a six-monthly cycle. The revisions protocol can be found on the NHS England website at:

http://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/code-compliance/

6. Feedback Welcomed

We welcome feedback on the content and presentation of Delayed Transfers of Care statistics within this Statistical Press Notice and those published on NHS England's website. Please email any comments on this, or any other issues regarding the SitReps data and statistics, to: england.nhsdata@nhs.net

Additional Information

For press enquiries please contact the NHS England media team on 0113 825 0958 or 0113 825 0959. Emails enquiries should be sent to: nhsengland.media@nhs.net

The Government Statistical Service (GSS) statistician responsible for producing these data is:

Paul Steele
Performance Analysis Team (PAT), Central
NHS England and NHS Improvement
Room 5E15, Quarry House, Quarry Hill, Leeds LS2 7UE
For data queries, email: england.nhsdata@nhs.net