COVID-19 Vaccination Statistics

Week ending Sunday 20\textsuperscript{th} June 2021

Background

- The NHS started administering vaccinations for COVID-19 in England on 8\textsuperscript{th} December 2020.

- The order in which people have been offered the vaccine is based on advice from the Joint Committee on Vaccination and Immunisation (JCVI). Phase 1 of the vaccination programme aimed to have offered a vaccination to all individuals in JCVI priority groups 1 to 9 by 15\textsuperscript{th} April 2021.

- JCVI priority groups 1 to 9 are:
  1. Residents in a care home for older adults and their carers
  2. All those 80 years of age and over and frontline health and social care workers
  3. All those 75 years of age and over
  4. All those 70 years of age and over and clinically extremely vulnerable individuals
  5. All those 65 years of age and over
  6. All individuals aged 16 to 64 years with underlying health conditions which put them at higher risk of serious disease and mortality, unpaid carers and residents in a care home for younger adults
  7. All those 60 years of age and over
  8. All those 55 years of age and over
  9. All those 50 years of age and over

- It was announced on 12\textsuperscript{th} April 2021 that everyone in JCVI priority groups 1 to 9 had been offered a vaccination, ahead of the 15\textsuperscript{th} April target.

- Phase 2 of the vaccination programme aims to have offered a vaccination to all individuals in JCVI groups 10 to 12 by the end of July 2021. Groups 10 to 12 are:
  10. All those aged 40 to 49 years
  11. All those aged 30 to 39 years
  12. All those aged 18 to 29 years
• Phase 2 started on 13\textsuperscript{th} April 2021 when vaccinations were offered to those aged 45 to 49. This was extended to the rest of group 10 in descending age order from 26\textsuperscript{th} April 2021, with everyone aged 40 and over invited to book a vaccination on 30\textsuperscript{th} April 2021.

• Vaccinations were opened up to JCVI group 11 on 13\textsuperscript{th} May, when those aged 38 and 39 were invited to book a vaccination. This was extended to the rest of group 11 in descending age order throughout May, with everyone aged 30 and over able to book a vaccination from 26\textsuperscript{th} May 2021.

• Vaccinations for JCVI group 12 began in June, with individuals aged 25 to 29 invited to book from 8\textsuperscript{th} June 2021.

Weekly Vaccination Activity
• In the week ending 20\textsuperscript{th} June an additional 2,356,746 NHS vaccinations for COVID-19 (both first and second doses) were reported in England. This took the total number of vaccinations administered as of 20\textsuperscript{th} June to 62,294,279.

• Of the 2,356,746 vaccinations reported in the week ending 20\textsuperscript{th} June, just over half (1,235,424) were first doses. This took the total number of people vaccinated with at least one dose as of 20\textsuperscript{th} June to 35,901,578 (79.0\% of the population aged 16 and over\textsuperscript{1}).

\footnote{Using Office for National Statistics 2019 mid-year population estimates}
• Just under half of vaccinations reported in the week ending 20th June were second doses (1,121,322). This took the total number of people vaccinated with both doses as of 20th June to 26,392,701 (58.0% of the population aged 16 and over\(^2\) and 73.5% of those vaccinated).

Note: On 30th December 2020 the length of time between 1st and 2nd doses being administered was extended to 12 weeks to enable prioritisation of 1st doses for as many people as possible in the JCVI high priority cohorts, therefore protecting a higher number of at risk individuals more quickly. On 14th May 2021 the length of time between 1st and 2nd doses being administered was reduced to 8 weeks for people in JCVI cohorts 1 to 9 due to the rise in cases of the Delta variant of COVID-19.

• Vaccinations administered to individuals aged under 30 accounted for almost three-quarters of first dose vaccinations reported in the week ending 20th June, with 52.8% of 25-29 year olds (2,005,617) having now received a first dose\(^2\).

• The 40-44, 45-49 and 50-54 age groups accounted for more than half of second dose vaccinations reported in the week ending 20th June.

\(^2\) Using Office for National Statistics 2019 mid-year population estimates
Overall Vaccination Activity

- As of 20th June, 34,119,129 individuals aged 25 and over have been vaccinated with at least one dose (86.3% of the population aged 25 and over\(^3\)).

- Overall, more than 9 in 10 individuals aged 50 and over (19,415,557, 92.3%\(^3\)) and around 8 in 10 individuals aged 40 and over (22,763,605, 80.8%\(^3\)) have now been vaccinated with both doses.

- Second doses have been administered to more than 90% of individuals who have received at least one dose in the 50-54, 55-59, 60-64, 65-69, 70-74, 75-79 and 80 and over age groups.

\(^3\) Using Office for National Statistics 2019 mid-year population estimates
- Although there are variations by age group, overall a higher proportion of females than males have been vaccinated with at least one dose since the vaccination programme began (80.8% of females aged 16 and over compared with 76.7% of males aged 16 and over). However, this difference has decreased over time.
The number of residents of older adult care homes reported to have been vaccinated with at least one dose was 292,639 at 20th June (95.5%\textsuperscript{4,5}). The number of residents of older adult care homes reported to have been vaccinated with a second dose was 281,976 at 20th June (92.0%\textsuperscript{4,6}).

More than 8 in 10 eligible staff in older adult care homes are reported to have been vaccinated with at least one dose (399,102, 84.8\%\textsuperscript{5}) and more than 7 in 10 are reported to have been vaccinated with a second dose (339,122, 72.0\%\textsuperscript{6}).

The number of residents of younger adult care homes reported to have been vaccinated with at least one dose at 20th June was 33,306 (92.0\% of all residents\textsuperscript{6}).

As of 20th June, 2,108,006 (93.7\%) of the clinically extremely vulnerable (CEV) population have been vaccinated with at least one dose. This includes all CEV individuals, even if they were vaccinated as part of a higher priority cohort. Of those, more than 9 in 10 (2,026,234, 96.1\%) have received a 2\textsuperscript{nd} dose (90.0\% of all CEV individuals).

More than 8 in 10 individuals aged 16 to 64 identified as being in an at-risk group or an unpaid carer have been vaccinated with at least one dose as of 20th June (6,419,471, 83.4\%). This includes individuals who may have been vaccinated as part of a higher priority cohort but does not include residents of younger adult care homes. Of those, more than 8 in 10 (5,780,662, 90.0\%) have received a 2\textsuperscript{nd} dose (75.1\% of all individuals aged 16 to 64 identified as at risk or an unpaid carer).

Data

- All data presented in this report has been collected through the National Immunisation Management Service (NIMS) unless otherwise specified. This data system draws on various local point of care immunisation data systems in near real time, such as those used in hospitals and GP practices. It is the System of Record for the COVID-19 vaccination programme. NIMS data used in this release has been developed with Public Health England.

- Figures used in this report are as held in the NIMS database as of 22\textsuperscript{nd} June 2021 for vaccinations administered up to 20th June 2021. At 3rd June 2021, 90.5\% of vaccinations recorded in the NIMS database were reported within 1 day of being

\textsuperscript{4} Residents and staff of older adult care homes are eligible for vaccination if they have not had COVID-19 in the last 28 days

\textsuperscript{5} Based on data provided by 99\% of care homes

\textsuperscript{6} Based on data provided by 98\% of care homes
administered and 97.5% of vaccinations were reported within 7 days. Therefore, not all vaccinations administered up to 20th June 2021 will be covered in this report. In addition, due to an IT issue on 21st June, slightly less vaccination events than would normally be reported will be included in these figures. This is because some vaccinations that were administered up to 20th June will not have been updated in the digital system by the time the data was extracted on Tuesday. Figures may be updated in future weeks as further information flows from local point of care systems.

- Two different sources of population estimates are used as denominators for approximate vaccine uptake percentages in this publication, with the best available source for each breakdown provided as management information. Office for National Statistics 2019 mid-year population estimates are the most recent official estimates of population size and the best publicly available population estimates. As these estimates are based on the 2011 Census, they are subject to a degree of uncertainty and do not reflect changes to the population since 2019. The estimates are used as denominators for national, regional, Integrated Care System (ICS) / Sustainability Transformation Partnership (STP) and Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG) geographies only as they are less robust at smaller areas. They are also used as denominators for age and gender breakdowns.

- NIMS denominators are the numbers of individuals registered with the NHS who are currently alive in the resident population. Unlike the ONS denominators which are fixed, the NIMS denominators are updated in each weekly publication, to reflect changes to the current resident population. They are used to facilitate management of the vaccination programme at more granular levels and are provided for Lower Tier Local Authority (LTLA), Middle Layer Super Output Area (MSOA), and Constituency geographies. Overall they likely overestimate the population and so underestimate vaccine uptake percentages, as death registration data is subject to a reporting lag and there are also concerns about people who are no longer resident in England still being counted in NIMS, the NIMS denominators are likely to provide an overestimate of the population. Coverage can therefore be viewed as being ‘at least’ the figures calculated using the NIMS denominators.

- Data on vaccinations of residents of older adult care homes and social care workers, and of care homes visited have been provided by the Department of Health and Social Care, and as held in the Capacity Tracker on 20th June 11:59pm.