



Cancer Waiting Times, June 2022 - Provider Based - Provisional

The latest monthly Official Statistics on waiting times for suspected and diagnosed cancer patients accessing NHS services, produced by NHS England and NHS Improvement, were released on 11/08/2022 according to the arrangements approved by the UK Statistics Authority.

Waiting Times for Cancer Services - June 2022

The key results for outpatient services and first definitive treatments show that, in England, during the period June 2022:

Two week Wait:

- 77.7% of people were seen by a specialist within two weeks of an urgent referral for suspected cancer (83.2% in May 2022)
- 66.1% of people urgently referred for breast symptoms (where cancer was not initially suspected) were seen within two weeks of referral (72.2% in May 2022)

One month (31-day) wait from diagnosis to first definitive treatment:

- 91.8% of people treated began first definitive treatment within 31 days of receiving their diagnosis, all cancers (91.8% in May 2022)
- 90.4% of people treated for breast cancer began first definitive treatment within 31 days of receiving their diagnosis (90.8% in May 2022)
- 93.4% of people treated for lung cancers began first definitive treatment within 31 days of receiving their diagnosis (94.0% in May 2022)
- 89.4% of people treated for lower gastrointestinal cancers began first definitive treatment within 31 days of receiving their diagnosis (88.5% in May 2022)
- 92.5% of people treated for urological cancers began first definitive treatment within 31 days of receiving their diagnosis (92.9% in May 2022)
- 89.6% of people treated for skin cancers began first definitive treatment within 31 days of receiving their diagnosis (89.1% in May 2022)

Two month (62-day) wait from urgent referral to first definitive treatment:

- 59.9% of people treated began first definitive treatment within 62 days of being urgently referred for suspected cancer, all cancers (61.5% in May 2022)
- 69.8% of people treated for breast cancers received first definitive treatment within 62 days of being urgently referred for suspected cancer (69.6% in May 2022)
- 51.5% of people treated for lung cancers received first definitive treatment within 62 days of being urgently referred for suspected cancer (50.1% in May 2022)

- 41.0% of people treated for lower gastrointestinal cancers received first definitive treatment within 62 days of being urgently referred for suspected cancer (43.4% in May 2022)
- 49.8% of people treated for urological cancers (excluding testicular cancer) received first definitive treatment within 62 days of being urgently referred for suspected cancer (54.2% in May 2022)
- 85.3% of people treated for skin cancers received first definitive treatment within 62 days of being urgently referred for suspected cancer (86.9% in May 2022)

62-day wait extensions

- 74.9% of patients began first definitive treatment within 62 days of a consultant's decision to upgrade their priority, all cancers (75.7% in May 2022)
- 67.1% of people began first definitive treatment for cancer within 62 days of referral from an NHS cancer screening service, all cancers (68.8% in May 2022)

The key results for waiting times for second or subsequent treatment show that, in England, during the period June 2022:

31-day wait for subsequent treatment

- 80.5% of people began treatment within 31 days where the subsequent treatment was surgery (81.5% in May 2022)
- 97.9% of people began treatment within 31 days where the subsequent treatment was an anti-cancer drug regimen (98.0% in May 2022)
- 91.2% of people began treatment within 31 days where the subsequent treatment was a course of radiotherapy (91.6% in May 2022)

The key results for waiting times for urgent referral to a patient being told they have cancer, or that cancer is definitively excluded show that, in England, during the period of June 2022:

28-day Faster Diagnosis (All Routes):

- 70.4% of people were told by a specialist if they had cancer, or if cancer was definitively excluded within four weeks (28-days) of an urgent referral (70.8% in May 2022)

More analyses are published as part of this statistical release on the NHS website.

<https://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/statistical-work-areas/cancer-waiting-times/>

Contact address and email

You can obtain further details about the statistics published in this section or comment on the section by contacting the following address:

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Annex A: Missing and partial returns

Guy's And St Thomas' NHS Foundation Trust(RJ1) did not make a submission of CWT Data for Two Week Wait From GP Urgent Referral to First Consultant Appointment, One Month Wait from a Decision to Treat to a First Treatment for Cancer, One Month Wait from a Decision to Treat to a Subsequent Treatment for Cancer (Anti-Cancer Drug Regimen), One Month Wait from a Decision to Treat to a Subsequent Treatment for Cancer (Radiotherapy), One Month Wait from a Decision to Treat to a Subsequent Treatment for Cancer (Surgery), Two Month Wait from a GP Urgent Referral to a First Treatment for Cancer, Two Month Wait Following a Consultant Upgrade to a First Treatment for Cancer, Four Week (28 days) Wait From Urgent Referral to Patient Told they have Cancer, or Cancer is Definitively Excluded.

The cancer waiting times system excludes records from the 62 day standards which do not contain a first seen provider. For the Two Month Wait from a GP Urgent Referral to a First Treatment for Cancer, Lewisham And Greenwich NHS Trust (RJ2) have submitted some records without this information.

Lewisham And Greenwich NHS Trust (RJ2) has made a partial submission of Two Week Wait Breast Symptomatic (where cancer not initially suspected) from GP Urgent Referral to First Consultant Appointment data.

The cancer waiting times system excludes records from the 62 day standards which do not contain a first seen provider. For the Two Month Wait from a GP Urgent Referral to a First Treatment for Cancer, Norfolk And Norwich University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust (RM1) have submitted some records without this information.

The cancer waiting times system excludes records from the 62 day standards which do not contain a first seen provider. For the Two Month Wait from a GP Urgent Referral to a First Treatment for Cancer, The Royal Marsden NHS Foundation Trust (RPY) have submitted some records without this information.

University Hospitals Birmingham NHS Foundation Trust (RRK) Has made a partial submission of One Month Wait from a Decision to Treat to a Subsequent Treatment for Cancer (Radiotherapy) data.

The cancer waiting times system excludes records from the 62 day standards which do not contain a first seen provider. For the Two Month Wait from a National Screening Service to a First Treatment for Cancer, Calderdale And Huddersfield NHS Foundation Trust (RWY) have submitted some records without this information.

The estimated shortfall of these missing and partial submissions on national activity volumes is given in the table below. The estimated impact on national performance is very small (for all measures it was 0.2 percentage points or less).

We are working with the providers concerned to resolve the issues and we will be publishing revisions later in the year.

Standard	Estimated shortfall in activity
Two Week Wait From GP Urgent Referral to First Consultant Appointment	0.91%
Two Week Wait Breast Symptomatic (where cancer not initially suspected) From GP Urgent Referral to First Consultant Appointment	0.80%
One Month Wait from a Decision to Treat to a First Treatment for Cancer	1.21%
One Month Wait from a Decision to Treat to a Subsequent Treatment for Cancer (Anti-Cancer Drug Regimen)	3.14%
One Month Wait from a Decision to Treat to a Subsequent Treatment for Cancer (Radiotherapy)	5.00%
One Month Wait from a Decision to Treat to a Subsequent Treatment for Cancer (Surgery)	2.09%
Two Month Wait from GP Urgent Referral to a First Treatment for Cancer	1.32%
Two Month Wait from a National Screening Service to a First Treatment for Cancer	0.71%
Two Month Wait Following a Consultant Upgrade to a First Treatment for Cancer	1.23%
Four Week (28 days) Wait From Urgent Referral to Patient Told they have Cancer, or Cancer is Definitively Excluded	0.98%