

### **Sustainability and Transformation Plan footprints**

#### 1. Overview

The <u>NHS Shared Planning Guidance</u> asked every local health and care system in England to come together to create their own ambitious local plan for accelerating the implementation of the Five Year Forward View (5YFV).

These blueprints, called Sustainability and Transformation Plans (STPs), will be place-based, multi-year plans built around the needs of local populations. STPs will help drive a genuine and sustainable transformation in health and care outcomes between 2016 and 2021. They will also help build and strengthen local relationships, enabling a shared understanding of where we are now, our ambition for 2021 and the concrete steps needed to get us there.

To deliver these plans NHS providers, Clinical Commissioning Groups (CCGs), Local Authorities, and other health and care services have come together to form 44 STP 'footprints'. These are geographic areas in which people and organisations will work together to develop robust plans to transform the way that health and care is planned and delivered for their populations.

These footprints are of a scale which should enable transformative change and the implementation of the Five Year Forward View vision of better health and wellbeing, improved quality of care, and stronger NHS finance and efficiency.

#### This document provides information on the 44 STP footprints in England.

In forming their footprints, local areas will have taken the following factors into account:

- Geography (including patient flow, travels links and how people use services);
- Scale (the ability to generate solutions which will deliver sustainable, transformed health and care which is clinically and financially sound);
- Fit with footprints of existing change programmes and relationships;
- The financial sustainability of organisations in an area; and
- Leadership capacity and capability to support change.

The boundaries used for STPs will not cover all planning eventualities. As with the current arrangements for planning and delivery, there are layers of plans which sit above and below STPs, with shared links and dependencies. It is also important to note that these boundaries may change over time as STPs are implemented, based on local circumstances.



# 2. Summary of footprints – national

| NHS region        | Total number of STP footprints | Average number of CCGs per footprint <sup>1</sup> | Average footprint population <sup>2</sup> (million) |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|
| England           | 44                             | 4.8   | 1.2   |
| North             | 9                              | 7.4   | 1.7   |
| Midlands and East | 17                             | 3.6   | 1.0   |
| London            | 5                              | 6.4   | 1.7   |
| South             | 13                             | 3.8   | 1.1   |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> One CCG (Cumbria) is split across two footprints. <sup>2</sup> ONS 2014 population estimates used.



### 2.1 England – footprint map (index on next page)





### 2.2 Index to national footprints map and key statistics

| STP | Footprint name  | Footprint population (million) | Number of CCGs |
|-----|---|--------------------------------|----------------|
| 1   | Northumberland, Tyne and Wear                                       | 1.4                            | 5              |
| 2   | West, North and East Cumbria  | 0.3                            | 1              |
| 3   | Durham, Darlington, Tees,<br>Hambleton, Richmondshire and<br>Whitby | 1.3                            | 6              |
| 4   | Lancashire and South Cumbria  | 1.6                            | 9              |
| 5   | West Yorkshire  | 2.5                            | 11             |
| 6   | Coast, Humber and Vale  | 1.4                            | 6              |
| 7   | Greater Manchester  | 2.8                            | 12             |
| 8   | Cheshire and Merseyside   | 2.4                            | 12             |
| 9   | South Yorkshire and Bassetlaw                                       | 1.5                            | 5              |
| 10  | Staffordshire   | 1.1                            | 6              |
| 11  | Shropshire and Telford and Wrekin                                   | 0.5                            | 2              |
| 12  | Derbyshire  | 1.0                            | 4              |
| 13  | Lincolnshire  | 0.7                            | 4              |
| 14  | Nottinghamshire   | 1.0                            | 6              |
| 15  | Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland                               | 1.0                            | 3              |
| 16  | The Black Country   | 1.3                            | 4              |
| 17  | Birmingham and Solihull   | 1.1                            | 3              |
| 18  | Coventry and Warwickshire   | 0.9                            | 3              |
| 19  | Herefordshire and Worcestershire                                    | 0.8                            | 4              |
| 20  | Northamptonshire  | 0.7                            | 2              |
| 21  | Cambridgeshire and Peterborough                                     | 0.9                            | 1              |
| 22  | Norfolk and Waveney   | 1.0                            | 5              |
| 23  | Suffolk and North East Essex  | 0.9                            | 3              |

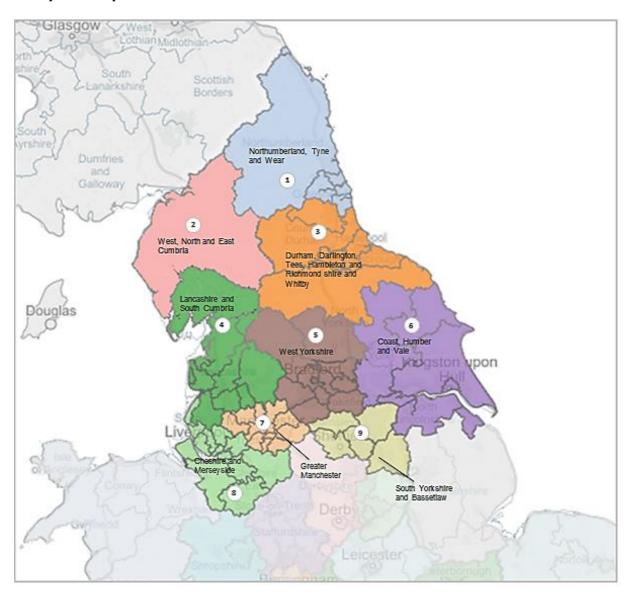


| 24 | Milton Keynes, Bedfordshire and Luton             | 0.9  | 3    |
|----|---|------|------|
| 25 | Hertfordshire and West Essex                      | 1.4  | 3    |
| 26 | Mid and South Essex                               | 1.2  | 5    |
| 27 | North West London                                 | 2.0  | 8    |
| 28 | North Central London                              | 1.4  | 5    |
| 29 | North East London                                 | 1.9  | 7    |
| 30 | South East London                                 | 1.7  | 6    |
| 31 | South West London                                 | 1.5  | 6    |
| 32 | Kent and Medway                                   | 1.8  | 8    |
| 33 | Sussex and East Surrey                            | 1.8  | 8    |
| 34 | Frimley Health                                    | 0.7  | 5    |
| 35 | Surrey Heartlands                                 | 0.8  | 3    |
| 36 | Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly                  | 0.5  | 1    |
| 37 | Devon   | 1.2  | 2    |
| 38 | Somerset  | 0.5  | 1    |
| 39 | Bristol, North Somerset and South Gloucestershire | 0.9  | 3    |
| 40 | Bath, Swindon and Wiltshire                       | 0.9  | 3    |
| 41 | Dorset  | 0.8  | 1    |
| 42 | Hampshire and the Isle of Wight                   | 1.8  | 7    |
| 43 | Gloucestershire                                   | 0.6  | 1    |
| 44 | Buckinghamshire, Oxfordshire and Berkshire West   | 1.7  | 7    |
|    | Total   | 54.3 | 210* |
|    |   |      |      |



## 3. North region

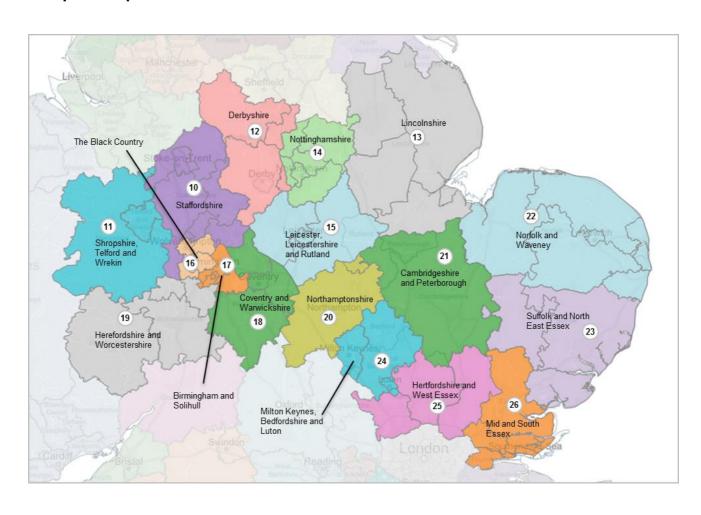
### **Footprint map**





## 4. Midlands and East region

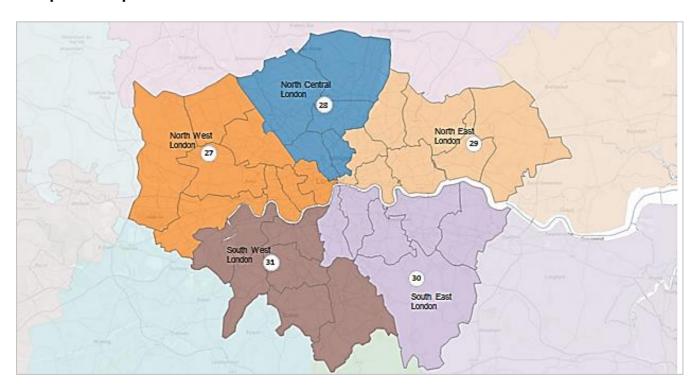
#### **Footprint map**





# 5. London region

### Footprints map





## 6. South region

#### **Footprint map**



For more information please contact <a href="mailto:england.fiveyearview@nhs.net">england.fiveyearview@nhs.net</a>