SPECIALISED COMMISSIONING - CLINICAL EVIDENCE EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR CLINICAL COMMISSIONING POLICY PROPOSITION

URN: 1873

TITLE: Proton beam therapy for head and neck cancer

CRG: Radiotherapy NPOC: Cancer Date: 20/02/19

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This policy is being	For routine	Not for routine X	
considered for:	commissioning	commissioning	
Is the population described in the policy similar to that in the	The Panel discussed the range of diagnoses which fit within head and neck cancer. The Panel noted that the skull based tumours considered as part of the previous		
evidence reviewed, including subgroups?	policy were excluded, which included chondrosarcoma and chordoma. At this stage the proposal is to have a broad based policy statement for the population and wait for evidence for relevant subgroups for future policy development.		
Is the intervention described in the policy similar to the intervention for which evidence is presented in the evidence review?	chemotherapy within treatments has the p evidence in relation	lace of surgery, radiotherapy and the pathway. The timing of those otential to be changed with future to proton beam therapy so the ed is around its sequencing.	
Are the comparators in the evidence reviewed plausible clinical alternatives within the NHS and are they suitable for informing policy development?	two separate registry one with proton bear chemotherapy. The	registries included; one study with arms one with photon IMRT and therapy. Both groups were with studies were difficult to interpret induction chemotherapy.	
Are the clinical benefits described in the evidence review likely to apply to the eligible population and/or subgroups in the policy?	The Panel previously clinical benefits.	noted the uncertainty of the	
Are the clinical harms described in the evidence review likely to apply to the eligible and /or ineligible population and/or subgroups in the policy?	No.		
The Panel should provide advice on matters relating to the evidence base and policy development and	None.		

prioritisation. Advice may cover: Balance between benefits and harms Quality and uncertainty in the evidence base Challenges in the clinical interpretation and applicability of policy in clinical practice Challenges in ensuring policy is applied appropriately Likely changes in the pathway of care and therapeutic advances that may result in the need for policy review.			
Overall conclusion	This is a proposition for routine commissioning and	Should proceed for routine commissioning Should be reversed and proceed as not for routine commissioning	
	This is a proposition for	Should	X

not routine

commissioning and

proceed for

not routine commissioning Should be reconsidered by the PWG

Overall conclusions of the panel Report approved by:
James Palmer
Clinical Panel Chair
22/2/19